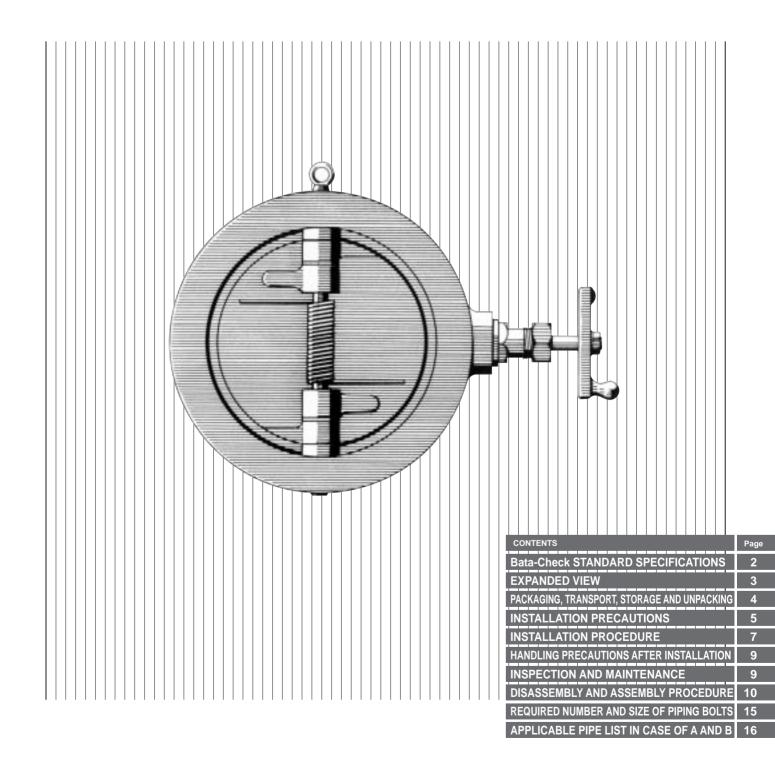


Wafer Check Valve for JIS10K and 20K (Bata-Check) 901C/903C/904C/906C

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL** 

# Bata-Check®



This instruction manual explains standard usage of the Bata-Check 901C, 903C, 904C and 906C.

Please read this manual thoroughly in order to ensure correct use of the product.

## **Bata-Check STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 1.0 MPa

Disc type	)	903C	901C	904C	
Body shape (Connection)		Wafe	r type	Wafer type	
Valve non	minal size	50mm to 300mm	350mm to 450mm	50mm to 300mm	
Applicable	e flange standard	JIS 10K (JIS 5	K as option)	JIS 10K (JIS 5 K as option)	
Face-to-fa	ce dimensions	Manufacture	ed standard	Manufactured standard	
Max. worl	king pressure	1.0MPa		1.0MPa	
Working te	emperature range	EPDM: - 20 to 120 degrees C, NBR: - 10 to 80 degrees C		EPDM: -20 to 120 degrees C, NBR: -10 to 80 degrees C	
Allowable tempe	erature in continuous use	EPDM: 0 to 100 degrees C, NBR: 0 to 60 degrees C		EPDM: 0 to 100 degrees C, NBR: 0 to 60 degrees C	
	Body	FC250		SCS13	
	Plate	CAC	702	SCS13	
Standard		SUS304 (50m	m to 150mm)	SUS304 (50mm to 150mm)	
materials	Shaft	SUS420J2 (200	mm to 300mm)	SUS329J1 (200mm to 300mm)	
	Spring	SUS	304	SUS304	
	Seat	NBR (EPDM and	FKM as option)	*EPDM (NBR and FKM as option)	

<sup>\*</sup> Never use an EPDM rubber seat ring if the valve is being used for oil or for a fluid containing even a slight amount of oil.

#### 2.0MPa

Disc type		906C		
Body shap	e (Connection)	Wafer type		
Valve non	ninal size	50mm to 300mm		
Applicable	flange standard	JIS 16K/20K		
Face-to-fac	ce dimensions	API594 Class125		
Max. work	king pressure	2.0MPa		
Working ter	mperature range	EPDM: -20 to 120 degrees C, NBR: -10 to 80 degrees C		
Allowable tempe	rature in continuous use	EPDM: 0 to 100 degrees C, NBR: 0 to 60 degrees C		
	Body	FCD-S		
	Plate	CAC406 (50mm to 150mm)		
Standard	riale	CAC702 (200mm to 300mm)		
materials	Shaft	SUS304		
	Spring	SUS304		
	Seat	*EPDM (NBR as option)		

<sup>\*</sup> Never use an EPDM rubber seat ring if the valve is being used for oil or for a fluid containing even a slight amount of oil.

## **EXPANDED VIEW**

#### 903C/904C Parts list (50 mm to 150 mm)

No.	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Body	1	
2	Plate	2	
3	Spring	1	
4	Hinge pin	1	
5	Stop pin	1	
6	Seat	1	Vulcanized to body
7	Plug	4	
8	Bearing	2	
9	Bearing	2	
10	Eye bolt	1	150 mm only
13	Bypass valve unit	1	
26	Rubber bushina	4	

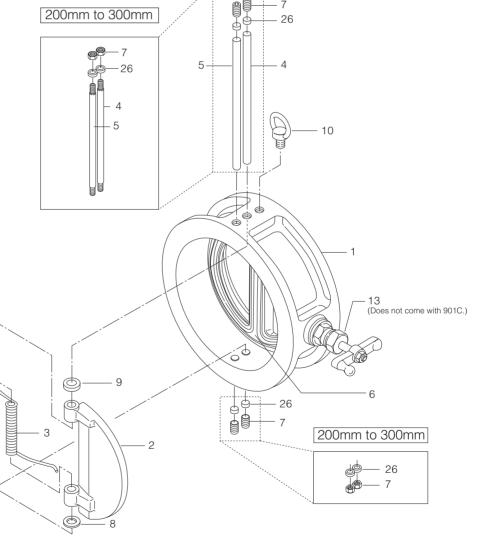
#### 903C/904C Parts list (200 mm to 300 mm)

No.	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Body	1	
2	Plate	2	
3	Spring	2	
4	Hinge pin	1	
5	Stop pin	1	
6	Seat	1	Vulcanized to body
7	Hexagon nut	4	
8	Bearing	2	
9	Bearing	2	
10	Eye bolt	1	
13	Bypass valve unit	1	
26	Seal washer	4	
10 13	Eye bolt Bypass valve unit	1 1 4	

#### 901C Parts list (350 mm to 450 mm)

No.	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Body	1	
2	Plate	2	
3	Spring	2	
4	Hinge pin	1	
5	Stop pin	1	
6	Seat	1	Vulcanized to body
7	Plug	4	
8	Bearing	2	
9	Bearing	2	
10	Eye bolt	1	
26	Rubber bushing	4	





### **PACKAGING**



(2) The inner sides of models 903C, 901C and 906C are coated with a thin layer of rust preventive oil.

(1) For 50 to 300 mm, standard gear type and lever type off-the-shelf products are packed in

cardboard or wooden boxes. For products other than these, a plywood protective plate is attached to the flange face of the valve body (piping flange contact surface) in order to protect the inner side

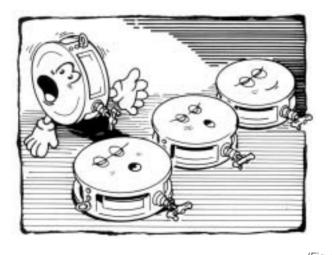
- (3) The Bata-Check has a nameplate with which you can verify information such as the nominal size and material. (Fig. 1)
- (1) Use containers for ocean transport.

of the valve.

(2) Use a covered vehicle for inland transport. If an uncovered vehicle is used, be sure to cover the valves with a protective tarp.

### **TRANSPORT**

### **STORAGE**



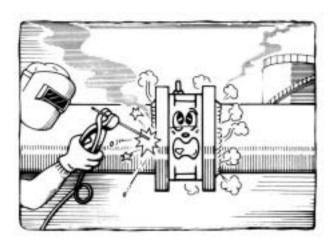
(Fig. 2)

- (1) When storing valves, keep them indoors in as cool and dark a place as possible (temperature: -10 to +60 degrees C, humidity: 70 % or less) without removing the cardboard packaging or the protective plate attached to the Bata-Check.
- (2) When storing unpackaged Bata-Check, make sure that no unreasonable load is being applied to the body. (Fig. 2)

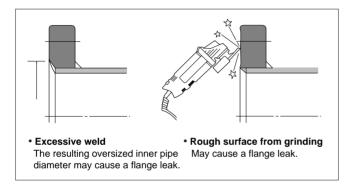
### **UNPACKING**

(1) Unpack the Bata-Check immediately before installing it into the piping. Do not leave the Bata-Check unpacked for long periods of time.

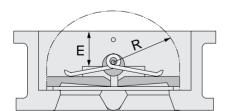
### **INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS**



(Fig. 3)



(Fig. 4)



(Fig. 5)

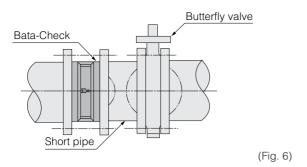
- (1) Installation of the Bata-Check immediately after welding the pipe flange will lead to adverse consequences, such as damage to the seat ring. Make sure that the temperature has cooled sufficiently and that you have removed weld spatter before installing the Bata-Check. Never weld when the Bata-Check is in the piping. (Fig. 3)
- (2) The flange may leak if the flange face that contacts the Bata-Check is as shown in Fig. 4. Also, please confirm that there is no distortion to the flange or that there is no damage, such as scratches, to the flange face.
- (3) Always be sure to use a piping gasket. The piping gasket will enter the piping inside and cause malfunction if a rubber or similar soft gasket is used. Therefore, make sure that the piping gasket does not enter the radius of Bata-Check plate operation. (Fig. 5) (Table 1)

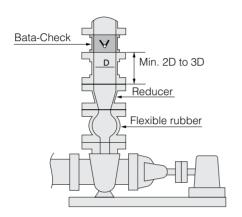
(Table 1) Plate operation radii

Nominal size	903C	/904C	90	1C	906C	
(mm)	Е	R	E	R	E	R
50	26.5	30			26.0	32.0
65	24.5	36			28.5	38.5
80	26.5	43			33.5	45.0
100	30.0	53			32.5	57.0
125	30.0	69			45.0	70.0
150	33.0	81			51.5	81.5
200	41.0	105			76.0	108.0
250	42.7	130			79.0	132.5
300	64.0	155			110.5	158.5
350			111	172		
400			108	199		
450			112	226		

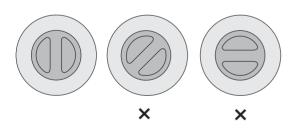
(Table 1)

(4) Align the Bata-Check to the flanges accurately. Malfunction can occur if the pipe edge or piping gasket enters the radius of Bata-Check plate operation.

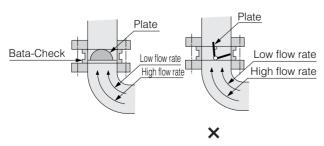




(Fig. 7)



(Fig. 8)



(Fig. 9)

- (5) Do not apply strong shock such as by throwing the Bata-Check.
- (6) When installing butterfly valve and Bata-Check, always insert a short pipe in between. Not doing so will cause the disc to hit during operation and lead to faulty operation. (Fig. 6)
- (7) Do not install the Bata-Check immediately after the pump or immediately before or after the reducer. Turbulence will cause chattering, which can lead to damage. When installing, separate it by a distance of 5 times the valve size (5D) or greater, or at the least, 2 to 3 times the valve size (2D to 3D). (Fig. 7)

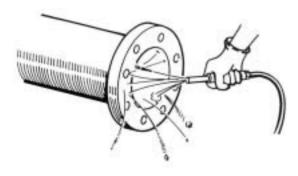
#### Chattering:

Chattering refers to the state in which turbulence causes the plate to continually move without it stopping in a fixed position.

Sometimes the plate will repeatedly hit the stop pin (causing a click-clack sound) and in the worse case, it can open a hole in the body.

- (8) Please consult us when the liquid velocity flow exceeds 3 m/sec.
- (9) Seat leakage may occur if the pressure difference is less than 0.05 MPa.
- (10) Make sure no solvent gets onto the seat ring. Also, except for those made of NBR and fluorocarbon rubber (FKM), always keep the seat ring away from any machine oil.
- (11) When installing the Bata-Check, the installation direction should be in accordance with the following.
  - The For a horizontal installation make sure the Bata-Check rib is vertical. (Fig. 8)
  - 2 For elbow or pump exit installations, make sure the influence of the flow rate on the plate is well balanced. (Fig. 9)
  - 3 For installations on the secondary side of butterfly valves, make sure the valve shaft of the butterfly valve and the rib of the Bata-Check crosses alternately.

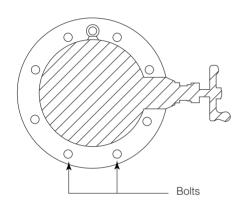
### **INSTALLATION PROCEDURE**



(1) Use air purging to clean the flange faces that will contact the Bata-Check. If there is rust or some other foreign material sticking to a flange face, clean it with a suitable cleaning fluid (alcohol or neutral detergent, etc.). (Fig. 10) If possible, install in the piping a short pipe with a face-to-face dimension identical to the Bata-Check and blow into the pipe to completely remove foreign substances.

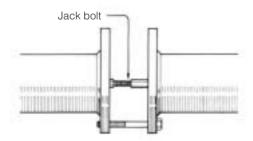
(Fig. 10)

(2) After aligning the piping, insert a piping bolt into the position in the figure and secure the Bata-Check to prevent it from dropping. (Fig. 11)



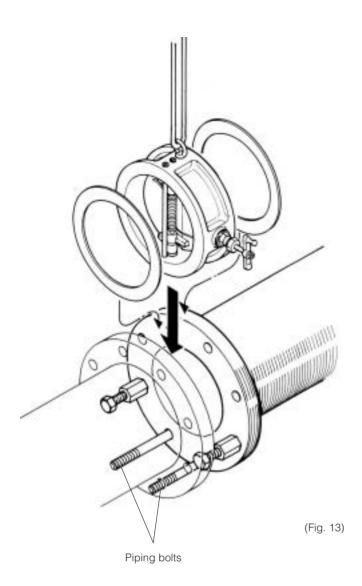
(3) Place a jack bolt in the position shown in the figure to widen the face-to-face dimension. (If you require, we can supply jack bolts.) Push and widen to make the face-to-face dimension 3 to 5 mm greater than the Bata-Check width on each side. (Fig. 12)

(Fig. 11)



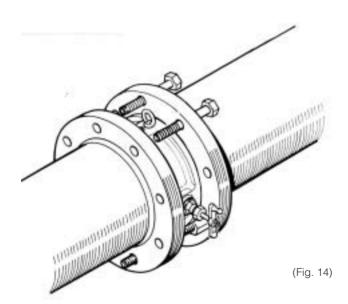
(4) Insert as shown in the diagram, taking care to avoid damaging the flange faces of the Bata-Check. If the Bata-Check is forcibly pushed between the piping edges, the flange faces will get scratched and leakage will result. Also, make sure that the direction of the fluid matches the direction of the arrow (embossed) on the Bata-Check body. (Fig. 13)

(Fig. 12)

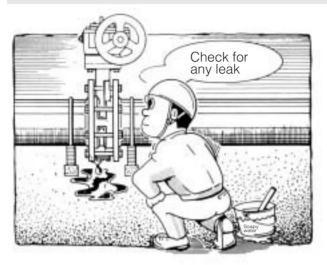


(5) When the Bata-Check is completely inserted, insert piping gaskets and piping bolts. (Fig. 13)
To facilitate installation, suspend the Bata-Check with a crane or similar equipment while working.
To lift the Bata-Check, use nylon string and suspend it from its eye bolts (nominal size 150 mm type and more).

(6) After inserting all of the piping bolts, remove the jack bolts and then gradually tighten the nuts alternating diagonally so that the nuts are tightened evenly. Tighten until the piping flanges come in contact with the side of the body. (Fig. 14)



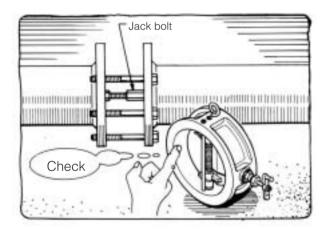
### HANDLING PRECAUTIONS AFTER INSTALLATION



(Fig. 15)

- (1) Before beginning operation, air-purge the outside of the piping and clean the inside of the piping by running water through the piping.
- (2) Prior to operating, increase the internal pressure of the piping and check for possible leakage from the flanges by employing soapy water or similar. (Fig. 15)
- (3) If leakage is observed from the flanges, release the internal pressure and remove the Bata-Check from the piping. Check that there is nothing wrong with the Bata-Check flange and piping gasket.

### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



(Fig. 16)

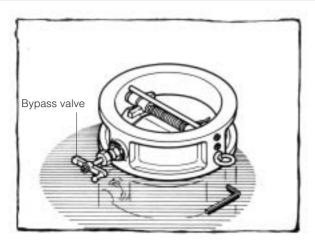
### (1) Periodic inspection

Perform an inspection once per year and check for disc corrosion and wear of the seat ring.

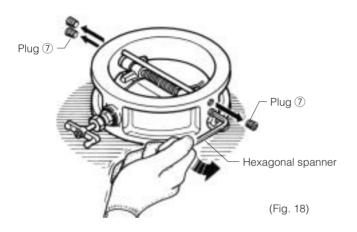
#### (2) Abnormal operation

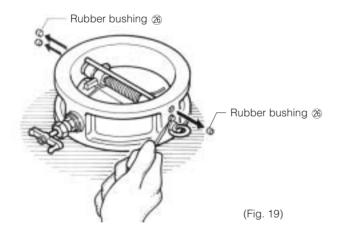
Abnormal operation is usually caused by accumulation of foreign material or damage to the seat ring. If foreign material has accumulated and the disc is in the fully open position, it can be removed by maintaining the fully open position and flushing it out. If that does not work and if the seat ring is damaged, remove the Bata-Check from the piping and inspect it. (Fig. 16)

### **DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**



(Fig. 17)





### **Disassembly Procedure**

- (1) Turn so that the secondary side (side where pin is visible) is facing upward and place the Bata-Check on a horizontal surface. (Fig. 17) Never disassemble the bypass valve (903C and 904C). Doing so may prevent you from achieving complete closure.
- (2) Remove the 4 plugs 7 on the side of the body using a hexagonal spanner. (Fig. 18) For types with nominal size of 200 mm to 300 mm, remove the 4 hexagon nuts 7.

#### 901C and 903C

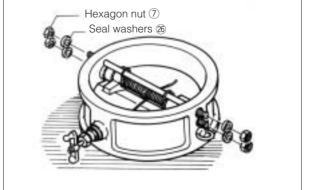
50mm to 100mm	1/8 (5 mm hexagon hole opposite side distance)
125mm, 150mm	1/4 (6 mm hexagon hole opposite side distance)
200mm, 250mm	M10 (16 mm hexagon nut opposite side distance)
300mm	M12 (18 mm hexagon nut opposite side distance)
350mm, 400mm	1/2 (10 mm hexagon hole opposite side distance)
450mm	3/4 (14 mm hexagon hole opposite side distance)

#### 904C

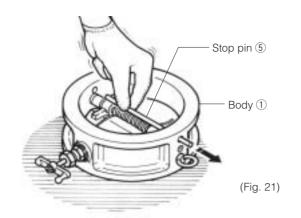
50mm to 150mm	1/8 (6 mm hexagon hole opposite side distance)
200mm, 250mm	M10 (16 mm hexagon nut opposite side distance)
300mm	M12 (18 mm hexagon nut opposite side distance)

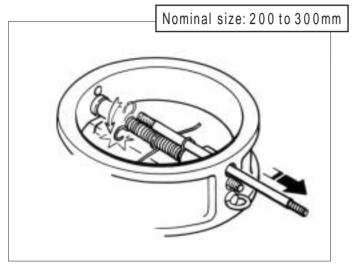
There are 4 rubber bushings 26 in between the plugs 7 you removed and the hinge pin 4 and the stop pin (5). Remove these with a sharp pointed tool such as an awl. Be careful not to lose the rubber bushings. (Fig. 19) For types with nominal size of 200 mm to 300 mm, remove the seal washers 26 from the hinge pin 4 and the stop pin 5. (Fig. 20)



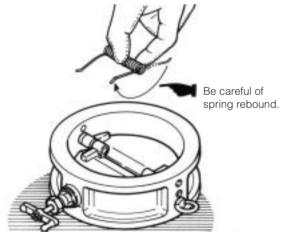


(Fig. 20)

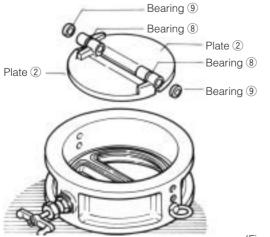




(Fig. 22)



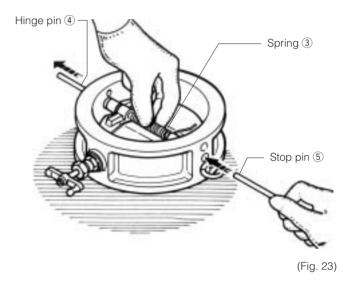
(Fig. 24)



(Fig. 25)

- (3) Remove the stop pin (5) (pin on upper side) from the side of the body (1). (Fig. 21)

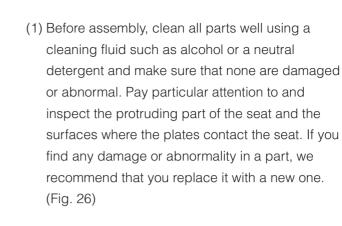
  For types with nominal size of 200 mm to 300 mm, the tension on one side of the two springs (3) is held by the stop pin (5). Be particularly careful of spring rebound when removing the stop pin (5). (Fig. 22)
- (4) While lightly retaining by hand the spring ③ (2 in nominal size 200 mm or higher types and 1 in nominal size 150 mm or lower types) insert the previously removed stop pin ⑤ into the hole on the side of the body and push out the hinge pin ④ approximately half way. (Fig. 23)



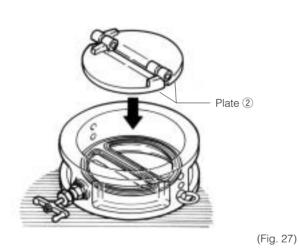
- (5) While retaining the spring ③ by hand, pull out and remove the hinge pin ④ and stop pin ⑤. When doing so, use caution since the spring ③ will fly out if the pin is removed without retaining the spring ③ by hand. Next, remove the spring ③ while releasing the hand that was retaining it. (Fig. 24)
- (6) Remove the plate ②. (Fig. 25)

  Be careful not to damage the protruding part of the rubber seat and the surfaces where the plates contact the seat, since this can cause seat leakage.
- (7) Remove the 2 bearings (8) and the 2 bearings (9).

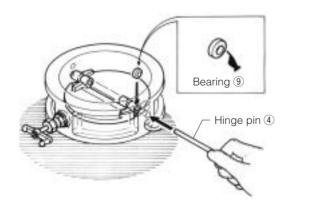
### **Assembling Procedure**



EPDM rubber is used in the 904C (stainless steel Bata-Check) rubber seat. Never use a lubricant.

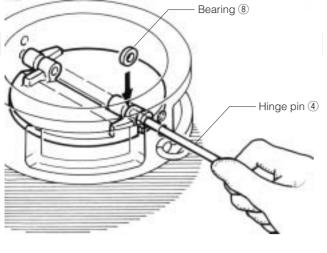


- (2) Any parts judged unusable or bearings, rubber bushings and seal washers that have deteriorated due to the passage of time (even if not showing signs of wear) should be replaced with new parts.
- (3) Orient the body ① as it was during disassembly, and place in on a horizontal surface.



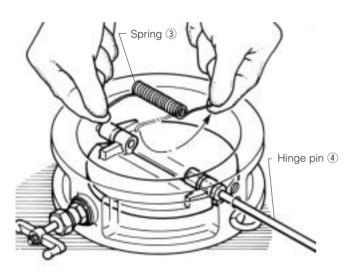
- (4) Aligning the 2 plates ② with the tension in the center of the body, line them up as they were originally. (Fig. 27)
- (5) Insert the bearing (9) (rounded on one side) between the body (1) and the plate (3) and then pass the hinge pin (4) through the lower hole on the side of the body until it passes the bearing (9). (Fig. 28)

(Fig. 26)

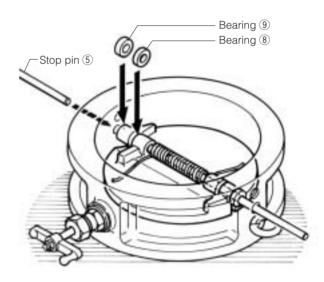


(Fig. 29)

- (6) Insert bearing (8) (finished on both sides) in between the two plates and pass the hinge pin (4) through until it passes the bearing (8). (Fig. 29)
- (7) Place the spring ③ at the center of the plate ② and pass the hinge pin ④ through the spring ③. Make sure the orientation of the spring ③ is correct. (Fig. 30)
- (8) Partially insert stop pin (5) into the lower hole on the opposite side of the body. Insert bearings (8) and (9), and then continue inserting the stop pin (5) until it passes through both of them. (Fig. 31)

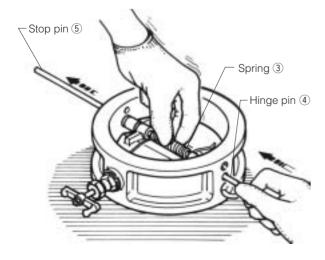


(Fig. 30)

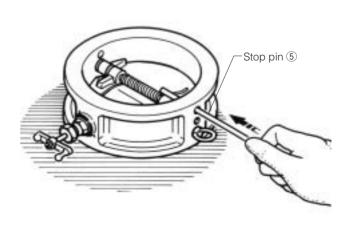


(Fig. 31)

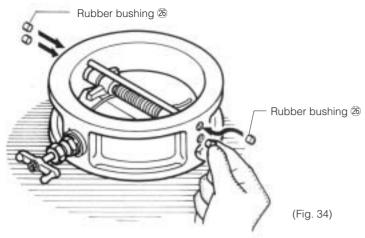
- (9) While retaining the spring ③ lightly by hand from above, push through the hinge pin ④ until the stop pin ⑤ comes out. (Fig. 32)
- (10) Insert the stop pin ⑤ into the upper hole on the side of the body. (Fig. 33)



(Fig. 32)

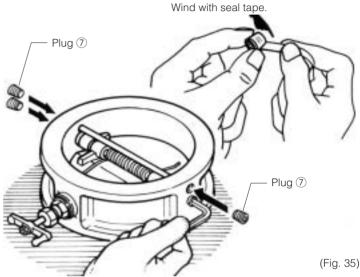


(Fig. 33)

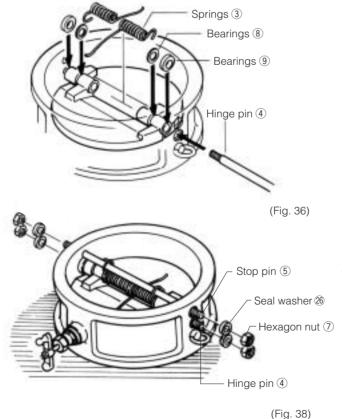


- (11) Insert the rubber bushings ® into the 4 holes on the side of the body (except types with nominal size 200 mm to 300 mm). (Fig. 34)
- (12) Wind seal tape around plugs ⑦ (except types with nominal size 200 mm to 300 mm) and then screw firmly into the sides of the body. (Fig. 35)

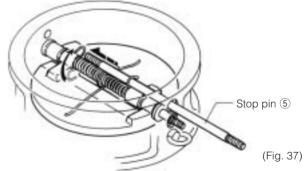
To prevent leaks from the side of the body, always wind seal tape around the plugs 7 or coat with a sealant that will achieve the same result.



Nominal size: 200 to 300mm



For types with nominal size of 200 mm to 300 mm, assemble by inserting hinge pin 4 from the side of the body while ensuring that the orientation of the 2 bearings 8, the 2 bearings 9 and the 2 springs 3 is correct. (Fig. 36)



While cocking the spring ③ from the "U" shaped side in the direction that produces tension, push the stop pin ⑤ so it goes through and supports the "U" shaped part in order to maintain tension on the spring. (Fig. 37)

Secure the hinge pin ④ and stop pin ⑤ to the body with the seal washers ⑥ and hexagon nuts ⑦ in four locations.

Apply LOCTIGHT 262 (Henkel Japan, Ltd., Loctight Division) to the screw threads of hinge pin 4 and stop pin 5. (Fig. 38)

(13) Test that operation is normal by moving the plates ② with your hand.

### REQUIRED NUMBER AND SIZE OF PIPING BOLTS

#### 901C/903C/904C/906C Piping bolts and nuts sizes

Nominal size		903C/904C 901C		906C
T NOTTILL	iai size	JIS	5K	JIS 16K, JIS 20K
mm	inch	Hexagon bolts and nuts	Long bolts and nuts	Hexagon bolts and nuts
50	2	4-M16×120×38	<del></del>	8-M16×120×40
65	2 1/2	4-M16×120×38		8-M16×130×45
80	3	8-M16×120×38	<del></del>	8-M20×150×55
100	4	8-M16×130×44		8-M20×150×55
125	5	8-M20×140×52	<del></del>	8-M22×170×55
150	6	8-M20×150×52		12-M22×190×55
200	8	12-M20×170×52	<del></del>	12-M22×230×75
250	10	12-M22×190×56		12-M24×250×75
300	12	16-M22×230×56		16-M24×290×75
350	14		16-M22×300×45	
400	16		16-M24×320×50	
450	18		20-M24×320×50	

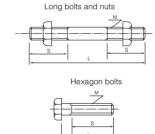
Remarks:

The bolt lengths are in accordance with JIS and thickness of steel flanges.

Example

Long bolts: 16 - M22 x 300 x 45 Length of bolt (L) Effective screw length (S) Quantity Nominal size (M)

Hexagon bolts: 4 - M16 x 120 x 38 Effective screw length (S) Nominal size (M) Length of bolt (L) Quantity



<sup>\*</sup>Please use a hexagon nut with 80% threading. \*Material: "SS400".

## APPLICABLE PIPE LIST IN CASE OF A AND B

#### 901C/903C/904C/906C Applicable pipe list in case of A

#### 903C/904C/906C

Nomin	al size	SGP	STPY	Sch20	Sch40	Sch10S	Sch20S	Minimum internal diameters		of piping (mm)
mm	inch	SGP	5171	301120	301140	3011103	3011203	903C/904C	901C	906C
50	2		-					44	-	38
65	2 1/2		-					53	-	52
80	3		-					69	-	61
100	4		-					91	-	94
125	5		-					121	-	108
150	6		-					146	-	127
200	8		-					189	-	154
250	10		-					241	-	213
300	12		-					288	-	228

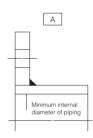
#### 901C

350	14			-	-	-	270	-
400	16			-	-	-	340	-
450	18			-	-	-	400	-

#### 901C/903C/904C/906C Applicable pipe list in case of B

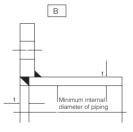
#### 903C/904C/906C

Nomin	al size	SGP	CTDV	STPY Sch20	Sch40	Sch10S	Sch20S
mm	inch	SGF	SIFI	301120	301140	3011103	3011203
50	2		-				
65	2 1/2		-				
80	3		-				
100	4		-				
125	5		-				
150	6		-				
200	8		-				
250	10		-				
300	12		-				



### 901C

350	14			-	-
400	16			-	-
450	18			-	-



Remark: : Installation possible, -: No standard

МЕМО								

ME	МО								

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